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DATA

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY:

- 1) YOUR KIT INCLUDES FOLLOWINGS :
 - A) 3 SIZE LOOMS : SMALL, MEDIUM & LARGE SIZE. SMALL & MEDIUM SIZES HAVE 4 TEETH ON EACH SIDE. LARGE SIZE HAS 8 TEETH ON EACH SIDE.
 - B) ONE SPECIAL WEAVING NEEDLE WHICH IS CURVED TO FIT EASILY UNDER ALL THE THREADS OF YARN .

2) USING YARNS:

WEAVING IS VERY DIFFERENT FROM CROCHETING OR KNITTING. AS YOU MUST PULL KNOTS VERY TIGHT IN WEAVING, BE SURE TO TEST THE STRENGTH OF YOUR YARN BEFORE STARTING. SOME YARN ARE VERY LOSE AND WILL PULL APART. IN ADDITIONAL TO USING WOOL, YOU MAY USE COTTON, NYLON RIBBON, AND MOST SOFT AND FLEXIBLE MATERIAL TO ACHIEVE SPECIAL EFFECTS.

3) YARN WRAPPING

- a) Make one test square to determine pattern and wrapping.
- b) Wrapping the yarn 3 times on each set of teeth is a good average. This may vary according to pattern and thickness of yarn used. Hold yarn loosely.
- c) See Yarn Scale below.

4) YARN SCALE

This is an approximate guide as there are many variations, thicknesses and weights of yarn.

Fine/Medium Approximat Small Wrap 3 times 60 squares Medium Approximat Medium Wrap 3 times 45 squares	
	ely
	ely
Medium Approximat Large Wrap 3 times 20 squares	ely

5) FINISHING YOUR SQUARE

- a) Upon completion of wrapping, leave at least 40" to finish your test square.
- b) Once square is completed, measure any remaining yarn; in this way you will know how much yarn is needed to complete your pattern.
- c) If you run out of varn in the middle of a square, simply tie another piece on. You may also use many different colors in this same way.

6) THE BUTTON HOLE STITCH

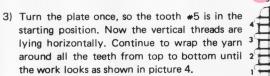
a) After wrapping your yarn, the only stitch ever used is the Button Hole Stitch. To make this stitch, simply leave a loop and then pull the needle back through the loop and pull tight. After you become familiar with the loom you will find that it will go faster if you throw your thread as shown in picture 5. Remember, you are using a crisscross stitch. First a Button Hole stitch right to left, then a Button Hole stitch left to right. PULL TIGHT EACH TIME. Each completed crisscross stitch makes a small flower.

INSTRUCTIONS

1) Push the four movable slides away from the center, so that the teeth protrude beyond the plate. Turn to the smooth side of the loom and start.



2) Hold starting thread with finger behind loom. At #1, working from left to right, carry yarn behind tooth and down to #12, carry behind tooth and back up to #1. Repeat 2 to 5 times. Be uniform, not too tight. Move to next tooth and repeat process.





4) After you have completed all wrapping, leave at least 40" of yarn to work with, and cut. Now you are ready to start on one of any number of beautiful patterns. In step 5 we'll show you how to make the Star Pattern.



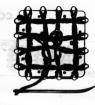
5) Using your special needle, thread with remaining yarn. Starting where 8 and 9 intersect, pick up the threads at the lower right hand corner as shown and make a Button Hole Stitch. Repeat Button Hole Stitch from left to right (see Instruction Data 7).



6) Continue to tie each outside cross with two Button Hole Stitches -- right to left, then left to right. Be sure to pull tight each time. Do this all the way around the outside intersections.



7) To make the center star as shown in picture 8, tie together the four crosses in the middle. Push the needle from the top right hand corner underneath both crosspoints to the lower left hand corner and make a Button Hole Stitch. Repeat this stitch from the lower right hand corner to the left top. Secure the work with a double Button Hole Stitch and cut. Remove finished square by pushing the 4 movable slides toward the center. Turn square to right side. ALL SQUARES ARE MADE ON THE



ADDITIONAL DESIGN PATTERNS

Designs A, B, and C are made on the Small or Medium loom with 4 teeth on each side. Designs D and E are made on the Large loom with 8 teeth.

A. Tie off all intersections with the Button Hole Stitch. Do outside row first, then inside rows.



8) Completed Star Pattern.

WRONG SIDE.



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B. Tie off each intersection with crisscross Button Hole Stitch. Leave center intersections loose. This is the pattern you would have in Step 6 of the instructions, before completing center star.

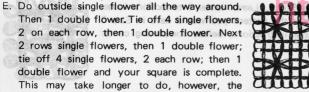


C. Pull the threads from the center to the four corners and secure with Button Hole Stitch. Start where #7 and #10 intersect.



D. Tie every intersection in the outer row all the way around with crisscross Button Hole Stitch. Split the remaining rows into 4 equal sections. 3 across and 3 down is your first starting point. continue Bottom Hole Stitch.

unusual results are well worth the time.

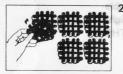




COMPLETING YOUR PROJECT



Lay the squares in a row, right side facing up to form your article. The length of row depends upon the size of the article.



2. Add the second row underneath the first. again with the right side facing up and taking care that the closed side of a square is next to an open side. Turn the pieces of the second row onto the pieces of the first row; right sides together.

YOU MAY WEAVE OR CROCHET THE

PIECES TOGETHER TO JOIN.

WEAVING

Take your needle through both sets of loops, picking up the extra thread and make a button hole stitch. Move to the next set of loops and repeat. Pick up the extra thread on the closed end every time you come to it. Work from right to left.

CROCHETING

With crochet hook, join the pairs of squares; work from right to left. To join the gap between the pairs work 2-4 chains, depending on the thickness of the yarn and needle size. An open hole effect can be created by omitting the chains between the gaps; to do this, join each set of squares separately.



and add the next row. Join in the same manner. Add as many rows as necessary to complete the project.

3. After joining the whole row, open the work



4. Join the squares in the same manner lengthwise. If crocheting, at the intersection of the crosswise and lengthwise chains, work a double crochet.

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